

September 5, 2024

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

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RE: MUR 8111

Pacem Solutions International, LLC

Pacem Defense LLC 1198 Windrock, LLC

Pacem Estate Holdings, LLC

ALS, Inc.

Dear Messrs. Torchinsky, Bayes and Watkins:

On February 22 and December 19, 2023, the Federal Election Commission notified Pacem Solutions International, LLC; Pacem Defense LLC; 1198 Windrock, LLC; Pacem Estates Holdings, LLC; and ALS, Inc., your clients, of a complaint and amended complaint, respectively, alleging violations of certain sections of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act"). A copy of the complaint and amended complaint were forwarded to your clients at that time.

Upon further review of the allegations contained in the complaint and amended complaint, and information supplied by your clients, the Commission, on July 23, 2024, voted to dismiss the allegations that Pacem Solution International, LLC, Pacem Defense LLC, 1198 Windrock, LLC, Pacem Estate Holdings, LLC, and ALS, Inc., made excessive or prohibited contributions or contributions in the name of another in connection with Cory Mills's loans to Cory Mills for Congress in violation of 52 U.S.C. §§ 30116(a), 30118(a), and 30122 and 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(1) and 110.4(b)(1).

Accordingly, the Commission voted to close the file in this matter effective September 5, 2024. Any applicable Factual and Legal Analysis or Statements of Reasons available at the time of this letter's transmittal are enclosed.

MUR 8111 (Pacem Respondents) Letter to Messrs. Torchinsky, Bayes and Watkins Page 2 of 2

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record today. *See* Disclosure of Certain Documents in Enforcement and Other Matters, 81 Fed. Reg. 50,702 (Aug. 2, 2016).

If you have any questions, please contact Dominique Dillenseger, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Aaron Rabinowitz

Assistant General Counsel

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1	FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION		
2		FACTUAL AND	LEGAL ANALYSIS
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	RESPONDENTS:	as treasurer The Mills Victory Fur David Satterfield in as treasurer Laura Loomer for Cor Laura Loomer in her Pacem Solution Intern Pacem Defense LLC 1198 Windrock LLC Pacem Estate Holding ALS, Inc. Waygar Capital, Inc.	this official capacity d and his official capacity agress, Inc., and r official capacity as treasurer ational LLC
18 19		Unknown Persons	
20	I. INTRODUC	TION	
21	These matters	s arise from Complaints	alleging that Congressman Cory L. Mills, a
22	candidate in the 2022	election in Florida's So	eventh Congressional District, had insufficient
23	financial assets to ma	ake loans totaling \$1,84	3,900 to his principal campaign committee, Cory
24	Mills for Congress and David Satterfield in his official capacity as treasurer (the "Committee")		
25	during the 2022 election cycle, and that Mills and the Committee accepted unreported,		
26	prohibited, and excess	ssive contributions to ma	ake the loans, in violation of the Federal Election
27	Campaign Act of 197	71, as amended (the "Ac	t"). The Complaints base these allegations on
28	Mills's financial disc	losure reports, which th	e Complaints claim are inaccurate and do not reflect
29	sufficient assets and	income to support the lo	ans. The Complaints claim that the loans came
30	from other sources, is	ncluding businesses in v	which Mills has an ownership interest (collectively

Steve Martin was treasurer of record for part of the relevant period in this matter, in 2021-2022. David Satterfield became treasurer on February 10, 2023.

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1	the "Pacem Respondents"), other loans Mills obtained — including from an agent of a foreign		
2	entity, Waygar Capital Inc. — and from unknown persons. The Complaints also allege that		
3	Mills converted campaign funds to personal use through various disbursements and that Mills		
4	made contributions to Laura Loomer for Congress (the "Loomer Committee") that were		
5	excessive and violated the ban on federal contractor contributions, and that the Committee and a		
6	joint fundraising committee accepted excessive contributions.		
7	Respondents deny the allegations, arguing that Mills made the loans from personal funds		
8	and that his financial disclosure reports shows that he had sufficient assets to make the loans and		
9	that the disbursements and contributions identified by the Complainant did not violate the Act.		
10	As discussed below, the Commission dismisses all of the Complaints' allegations. The		
11	information disclosed on Mills's financial disclosure reports suggests that he would have had		
12	sufficient liquid assets to loan his Committee \$1,848,900 from personal funds. The Complaint's		
13	allegations regarding the accuracy of the disclosures on the reports and the lack of		
14	documentation to support the disclosures are not within the jurisdiction of the Commission.		
15	Further, the available information is not sufficient to substantiate the related allegations that the		
16	Pacem Respondents, foreign nationals, and other unknown persons may have made		
17	impermissible contributions. Accordingly, the Commission dismisses the allegations that the		
18	Pacem Respondents and Waygar Capital Inc. made, and Mills and the Committee knowingly		
19	accepted, excessive or prohibited contributions, or contributions in the name of another in		
20	connection with Mills' loans to his campaign.		
21	The Commission also dismisses the allegations that Mills made excessive or federal		
22	contractor contributions to the Loomer Committee or that the Loomer Committee accepted		

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- 1 excessive or prohibited federal contractor contributions or solicited federal contractor
- 2 contributions from Mills, as the available information does not support these allegations.
- Because the available information also does not support the allegations that Mills
- 4 converted campaign funds to personal use, the Commission dismisses those allegations. The
- 5 Committee failed to identify the purpose for certain disbursements pertaining to this allegation,
- 6 but the Commission dismisses this apparent violation as a matter of prosecutorial discretion
- 7 given the low amount in violation.²
- Regarding the allegations pertaining to the joint fundraising transfers, none of them
- 9 appear to be excessive. Therefore, the Commission dismisses the allegations that the Mills
- 10 Committee accepted excessive contributions in connection with these transfers.

II. FACTUAL BACKGROUND

- 12 Congressman Cory Mills was a candidate in the 2022 election for the Seventh District in
- Florida. Mills filed his original Statement of Candidacy on April 1, 2021. Cory Mills for
- 14 Congress is Mills's principal campaign committee. ⁴ David Satterfield is the Committee's
- 15 current treasurer. Mills won the August 23, 2022, Republican primary and the November 8,
- 16 2022, general election. Mills is running for re-election to represent the same district in 2024.⁶
- 17 The Mills Victory Fund (the "Fund") is a joint fundraising committee for the Committee, Restore
- America's Voice PAC, and the NRCC. The Fund made transfers totaling \$51,266.23 to the

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² Heckler v. Chaney, 470 U.S. 821, 831-32 (1985).

³ Cory Mills, Statement of Candidacy (Apr. 1, 2021).

⁴ Cory Mills for Congress, Amended Statement of Organization (Feb. 10, 2023).

⁵ *Id*.

⁶ Cory Mills, Statement of Candidacy (Dec. 19, 2022).

The Mills Victory Fund, Amended Statement of Organization (Feb. 27, 2023).

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- 1 Committee in 2023. Several contributors made more than one contribution to both committees
- 2 during the same time period.
- 3 During the course of Mills's congressional campaign, the Committee disclosed that Mills
- 4 made 12 separate loans, totaling \$1,848,900, from his personal funds to the campaign:⁸

Date	Total Loan Amount
04/07/2021	\$500
06/08/2021	\$1,000
06/30/2021	\$200,000
09/30/2021	\$290,000
12/31/2021	\$150,000
03/31/2022	\$17,400
03/31/2022	\$25,000
03/31/2022	\$100,000
06/22/2022	\$500,000
07/27/2022	\$125,000
08/01/2022	\$125,000
08/28/2022	\$315,000
TOTAL:	\$1,848,900

- 5 On his first United States House of Representatives financial disclosure report, filed on
- 6 May 7, 2021, Mills disclosed rental property income in the current and previous year in the range
- 7 of \$200,002 to \$2,000,000, bank accounts in the range of \$115,000 to \$300,000, and salary from
- 8 Pacem Solution International of \$300,000 in the current year and \$500,000 in the previous year.⁹
- 9 The assets consisting of rental and unearned income, bank accounts, and salary have a combined
- disclosed annual range from \$615,000 to \$2,600,000.10 The remaining assets (real estate) have a
- 11 combined value in the range of \$8,000,000 to \$40,000,000.¹¹ On January 9, 2023, Mills filed a

⁸ Cory Mills for Congress, 2024 April Quarterly Report (Schedule C), https://docquery.fec.gov/pdf/171/202404159627950171/202404159627950171.pdf. The Committee has not repaid the loans to date. *Id*.

⁹ Compl. (MUR 8111), Ex. 2 (Cory Mills, Financial Disclosure Report, May 7, 2021).

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ *Id*.

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- second financial disclosure report, covering the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2022,
- 2 and disclosed the same assets and ranges as on the previous reports, except for slight changes to
- 3 two bank balances and his salaries. 12
- 4 The Complaints allege that Mills had insufficient assets to make loans totaling
- 5 \$1,848,900 to the Committee and that the Committee accepted prohibited and excessive
- 6 contributions to make the loans. 13 The Complaints allege that the funds may have come from a
- 7 number of sources, including: businesses in which Mills has an ownership interest namely
- 8 Pacem Solution International LLC, Pacem Defense LLC, 1198 Windrock LLC, Pacem Estate
- 9 Holdings LLC, and ALS, Inc. loans Mills obtained from the Payment Protection Program;
- other loans obtained by Mills involving his businesses; loans obtained from an agent of Waygar
- Capital Inc., a foreign entity; and from unknown persons. 14 The Complaints allege that this
- 12 resulted in knowing and willful violations of the Act and Commission regulations involving
- contributions in the name of another, excessive or prohibited contributions, and misreporting. 15
- Separately, the MUR 8111 Complaint alleges that Mills converted campaign funds to
- personal use through disbursements totaling \$20,628.49 to Derick Agustin for "rent," and
- payments totaling \$89,158.88 for "luxury" travel, hotel, and transportation expenses. ¹⁶ The
- 17 MUR 8098 Complaint asserts that Mills made contributions to Laura Loomer for Congress that
- were excessive and also violated the ban on federal contractor contributions because Mills owns

Id., Ex. 3 (Cory Mills, Financial Disclosure Report, Jan. 9, 2023). On March 26, 2023, Mills filed an amended financial disclosure report containing the same information as in prior filing. Cory Mills, Financial Disclosure Report (Mar. 26, 2023), https://disclosures-clerk.house.gov/public_disc/financial-pdfs/2022/10051150.pdf (last visited June 8, 2024).

MUR 8098 Compl. at 9-10; MUR 8111 Compl. at 19-23; Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 13-14, 19-23.

MUR 8111 Compl. at 12-16; Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 19-23.

¹⁵ MUR 8098 Compl.at 9-10; MUR 8111 Compl.at. 19-23.

MUR 8111 Compl. ¶¶ 11-13.

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- 1 entities that are federal contractors. ¹⁷ Finally, the MUR 8111 Complaint suggests that the
- 2 Committee and The Mills Victory Fund, a joint fundraising committee, accepted excessive
- 3 contributions from several individuals that made contributions on the same date and in the same
- 4 amount to both committees. 18
- 5 The Mills Respondents' Responses assert that Mills made the loans from personal funds
- and that his financial disclosure reports show that he had sufficient assets to make the loans. 19
- 7 The Pacem Respondents similarly assert that all compensation payments and distributions were
- 8 made to Mills personally and not to any account owned or controlled by Mills's campaign
- 9 committee and that the Pacem Respondents made no loans to Mills or his committee. 20 With
- 10 respect to allegations that Mills converted campaign funds to personal use with respect to
- disbursements to Agustin and for "luxury" aircraft, lodging, and transportation, the Mills
- 12 Respondents contend that all the disbursements were for legitimate campaign expenses and not
- 13 for personal use.²¹
- 14 The Mills Respondents assert that contributions made to the Loomer Committee were not
- excessive contributions and did not violate the prohibition on federal contractor contributions, ²²
- and the Loomer Committee similarly asserts that the Mills contributions were not excessive,
- were properly reported, and that the contribution designated for the general election was properly

¹⁷ MUR 8098 Compl. at 8-9.

¹⁸ Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. ¶¶ 7-10.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8098 Compl. (Mar. 7, 2023); Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8111 Compl. (Apr. 7, 2023); Resp. of Mills Respondents and The Mills Victory Fund to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. (Jan. 12, 2024).

Resp. of Pacem Respondents to MUR 8111 Compl. (Apr. 7, 2023) (MUR 8111); Resp. of Pacem Respondents to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. (Dec. 29, 2023).

Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8111 Compl.; Resp. of Mills Respondents and The Mills Victory Fund to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8098 Compl. at 2-3.

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- 1 refunded.²³ Finally, with respect to the allegations pertaining to joint fundraising transfers and
- 2 contributions, the Committee and the Fund's Response states that all transfers and contributions
- 3 were properly made and reported.²⁴
- Waygar Capital Inc., through its CEO, Wayne R. Ehgoetz, states that the firm is a loan
- 5 consultant to the Ninepoint Canadian Senior Debt Fund, based in Toronto, Canada, that it
- 6 provides operating and term loans, and is a senior lender to Pacem. 25 It denies that it provided
- 7 funds for the loans to the Mills Committee. ²⁶

8 III. LEGAL ANALYSIS

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A. The Commission Dismisses the Allegation that the Pacem Respondents, Waygar Capital Inc., and/or Unknown Persons Made and Mills and the Committee Knowingly Accepted Impermissible Contributions

The Act and Commission regulations prohibit any person from making, and a candidate or political committee from knowingly accepting. a contribution that exceeded \$2,900 during the 2022 election cycle and \$3,300 during the 2024 cycle.²⁷ Federal candidates, however, may make unlimited contributions from their own "personal funds" to their authorized campaign committees.²⁸ The Act and Commission regulations provide that "personal funds" include:

(a) amounts derived from any asset that the candidate had legal right of access to or control over and had legal and rightful title or an equitable interest in at the time the individual became a candidate; and (b) income received during the current election cycle of the candidate.²⁹

²³ Resp. of Loomer Committee to MUR 8098 at 1-3 (Jan. 19, 2023).

Resp. of Mills Respondents and The Mills Victory Fund to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 2.

Resp. of Waygar Capital Inc., to Amend. MUR 8011 Compl. at 1 (Feb. 9, 2024).

²⁶ *Id*.

²⁷ 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(1)(A), (f); 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.1(b)(1), 110.9.

²⁸ 11 C.F.R. § 110.10.

²⁹ 52 U.S.C. § 30101(26); 11 C.F.R. § 100.33(a), (b).

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1 The Act prohibits corporations from making, and candidates and political committees from knowingly accepting, contributions to federal candidates or their committees.³⁰ Under 2 3 Commission regulations, a contribution from an LLC is permissible if the LLC is treated as a 4 partnership for tax purposes and has not elected to be treated as a corporation by the Internal Revenue Service.³¹ LLCs that claim corporate status or those that are publicly traded are treated 5 as corporations for purposes of the Act. 32 Finally, no person shall make a contribution in the 6 name of another or knowingly permit one's name to be used to effect such contribution.³³ 7 8 The Complainant alleges that Mills did not have sufficient funds to make 12 separate 9 loans, totaling \$1,848,900, from his personal funds to the campaign based on Mills's financial disclosure reports.³⁴ Complainant asserts that the source of the loans may have come from a 10 11 number of sources including: the Pacem Respondents; loans obtained from Waygar Capital Inc., 12 a foreign entity; from other loan sources including PPP loans; and from unknown persons.³⁵ 13 Respondents deny the allegations. The Mills Respondents state that Complainant has 14 provided no information to support the allegations that the funds for the loans were not from Mills's personal assets and were not properly disclosed in accordance Commission regulations.³⁶ 15 Respondents also state that Complainant misread the financial disclosure reports, and that the 16

³⁰ 52 U.S.C. § 30118(a).

³¹ 11 C.F.R. § 110.1(g).

³² *Id*.

³³ 52 U.S.C. § 30122; 11 C.F.R. § 110.4.

MUR 8098 Compl. at 3, 5, 8, 12-16.

MUR 8111 Compl. at 3, 5, 8, 12-16 and Amend. 8111 Compl. at 19-23.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8098 Compl. at 1-4, MUR 8111 Compl, at 1-3, and Amend. MUR 8111 Compl.at 1-5.

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1 reports show that Mills's combined unearned and earned income exceed the amount Mills loaned

2 to his campaign.³⁷

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The Pacem Respondents deny the allegations that they participated in a straw donor scheme through which their assets were contributed to the Mills campaign and/or that they made may have been the source of funds for the loans.³⁸ They explain that, as a founder, Mills held an ownership interest in the Pacem businesses, and was named as Executive Chairman of Pacem International in 2021.³⁹ They state that, consistent with his positions with the Pacem businesses, Mills was compensated for his services during the period at issue, including W-2 compensation and deferred compensation payments from Pacem Solution International and distributions from Pacem Estate Holdings.⁴⁰ They claim that all compensation payments were made to Mills personally and not to any account owned or controlled by the Committee and they made no loans to Mills or the Committee.⁴¹ Wayne Ehgoetz, Waygar Capital's CEO, replied that neither Waygar Capital nor its loan consultant, Ninepoint Canadian Senior Debt Fund, or their employees ever provided donations to Mills's campaign.⁴²

The information disclosed on Mills's financial disclosure reports, documentation provided with the Complaints, and the Pacem Response indicates that Mills had the ability to make the twelve loans, in amounts between \$500 and \$500,000, totaling \$1,848,900, that were made over a two-year period. As noted above, the financial reports filed disclose a combined

Resp. of Mills Respondents to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 2-3.

Resp. of Pacem Respondents to MUR 8111 Compl. at 1-4 and Amended MUR 8111 Compl. at 1-2.

³⁹ *Id*.

⁴⁰ *Id*.

⁴¹ *Id*.

Resp. of Waygar Capital Inc. at 1 (Feb. 29, 2024).

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- 1 unearned and earned income ranging from \$615,000 to \$2,778,000.⁴³ Further, the Pacem
- 2 Respondents state, and the financial disclosure reports demonstrate, that Mills receives
- 3 compensation payments from Pacem Solution. 44 Thus, the available information indicates that
- 4 Mills would have had sufficient assets and income to fund the loans to his Committee. Finally,
- 5 Complainant does not provide any information to support the allegations that the Pacem
- 6 Respondents, Waygar Capital Inc., or unknown persons were the sources of the loans, and
- 7 further offers no specific information regarding Mills's inability to afford a loan to his
- 8 committee.
- Accordingly, the Commission dismisses the allegations that the Pacem Respondents,
- Waygar Capital Inc., and/or unknown respondents made, and Mills and the Committee
- knowingly accepted, excessive and prohibited contributions, and contributions in the name of
- 12 another in violation of 52 U.S.C. §§ 30116(a) and (f), 30118(a), and 30122 and 11 C.F.R.
- $\S\S 110.1(b)(1)$, 110.4(b)(1), 110.9, in connection with Mills's loans to the Committee.
- 14 B. The Commission Dismisses the Allegation that Mills Converted Campaign
- Funds to Personal Use and Dismisses as a Matter of Prosecutorial Discretion the
- Allegations that the Committee Failed to Properly Itemize Disbursements
- 17 The Act and Commission regulations provide that campaign funds "shall not be
- converted by any person to personal use," and define personal use as using funds "to fulfill any
- commitment, obligation, or expense of a person that would exist irrespective of the candidate's
- election campaign or individual's duties as a holder of Federal office."⁴⁵ The Act and
- 21 Commission regulations provide that an authorized committee must itemize and report the name

Supra, notes 10-14 and accompanying text.

⁴⁴ *Id*

⁴⁵ 52 U.S.C. § 30114(b)(1); 11 C.F.R. §§ 113.1(g), 113.2(e)

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- and address of each person to whom it makes expenditures or other disbursements that aggregate
- 2 more than \$200 per election cycle, together with the date, amount, and purpose of each
- 3 expenditure. 46 The committee must keep a record of each disbursement including its purpose (a
- 4 brief but specific description of why the disbursement was made).⁴⁷ For every disbursement
- 5 transaction that requires itemization (i.e., the payee received over \$200 in the aggregate from the
- 6 committee during the election cycle), the committee must specify the purpose for the
- 7 disbursement.⁴⁸
- 8 The Complaints allege that Committee disbursements to Agustin totaling \$7,103.93 in
- 9 2022 which were described in Committee reports as "see memo entries" and \$13,524.56
- in 2023 which were described as "Expense Reimbursement: See itemization below" and
- included memo entries describing the purpose for the disbursements as for "materials" were
- actually for rent payments for Mills's use of a personal room at a single-family house in Winter
- Park, Florida. 49 The Mills Respondents deny the allegation, and assert that the expenditures to
- 14 Agustin, a campaign staffer, were for legitimate campaign expenses and were properly

⁵² U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A); 11 C.F.R. §§ 104.3(b)(4)(i), 104.9(a). The Commission's Statement of Policy: "Purpose of Disbursement" Entries for Filings with the Commission instructs that descriptions, when considered along with the identity of the disbursement recipient, must be sufficiently specific to make clear the purpose of the disbursement. See Statement of Policy "Purpose of Disbursement" Entries for Filings with the Commission, 72 Fed. Reg. 887 (Jan. 9, 2007). Further, the policy includes a non-exhaustive list of sufficient and insufficient "purposes" for disbursements made by political committees and instructs political committees to contact their RAD analysts with questions as to how to report the purposes of disbursements. Id. at 888. Examples of statements or descriptions, which meet the requirements of 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4) include the following: dinner expenses, media, salary, polling, travel, party fees, phone banks, travel expenses, travel expense reimbursement, and catering costs. 11 C.F.R. § 104.3(b)(4)(i)(A).

⁴⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 102.9(b)(1).

⁴⁸ 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A); 11 C.F.R. §§ 104.3(b)(4)(i), 104.9(a).

MUR 8111 Compl. at 16-17; Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. ¶ 12. See FEC Disbursements: Filtered Results, FEC.GOV https://www.fec.gov/data/disbursements/?data_type=processed&committee_id=c00774943&recipient_name=Derick+Agustin&two_year_transaction_period=2022 (last visited June 8, 2024) (Reflecting disbursements to Agustin during the 2022 cycle from the Committee). The Committee also made three additional disbursements to Agustin during the 2022 cycle, which do not include a purpose description: \$1,171.50 (Nov. 7, 2022); \$2,846.37 (Nov. 16, 2022); and \$1,699.02 (Dec. 2, 2022).

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- 1 reported.⁵⁰ The Respondents explain that the 2022 disbursements were not further described
- 2 because they were under the \$200 itemization threshold.⁵¹
- The MUR 8111 Complaint also alleges personal use violations by Mills relating to
- 4 disbursements totaling \$89,000 for airfare, lodging, travel expenses, and meeting/meals, which
- 5 the Complaint describes as "luxury" items. 52 The Mills Respondents note that the Committee's
- 6 \$29,668.00 reimbursement to Mills for air travel to "Luxury Aircraft LLC" was a disbursement
- 7 similar to a "chartered airplane expenditure," and all the expenditures are campaign related.⁵³

8 The personal use allegations relating to the Agustin disbursements are based on lack of

9 description for "memo entries" for the 2022 disbursements and speculation that Mills was paying

rent for a "fake residence" in Florida.⁵⁴ However, the Complaints do not provide specific

information indicating that the disbursements to Agustin were actually for rent payments. With

respect to the other expenditures for travel-related expenses, none fall into the per se personal

use categories and the Complaints provide no information that would support the inference that

they would have existed irrespective of Mills' candidacy. Accordingly, the Commission

dismisses the allegations that Mills violated 52 U.S.C. § 30114(b) and 11 C.F.R § 113.2(e) by

using campaign funds for personal use in connection with the Committee's disbursements to

Derick Agustin and travel-related expenses.

The seven disbursements made in 2022 were over \$200 and thus required a purpose

entry. A purpose of "see memo entries" would not be considered adequate unless that entry is

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Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8111 Compl. at 2.

⁵¹ *Id*.

⁵² Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. ¶ 11.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 3-4.

⁵⁴ See MUR 8111 Compl. at 8-9, 16-18 and Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 7, 15, 23-24.

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- actually followed with a descriptive memo entry, adequately explaining the expenditure's
- 2 purpose. However, none of these disbursements included a descriptive memo entry.
- 3 Nevertheless, given the low amount at issue, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial
- 4 discretion and dismisses the allegations pertaining to the failure to properly itemize these
- 5 disbursements, in violation of 52 U.S.C. § 30104(b)(5)(A) and 11 C.F.R §§ 104.3(b) and 104.9.⁵⁵
 - C. The Commission Dismisses the Allegation that Mills Made Contributions to Laura Loomer for Congress that were Excessive and Violated the Ban on Federal Contractor Contributions and that Laura Loomer for Congress Knowingly Accepted Excessive or Prohibited Federal Contractor Contributions or Solicited Prohibited Federal Contractor Contributions

The Act and the Commission's regulations bar contributions to political committees by any person who enters into a contract with the United States or its departments or agencies for "furnishing any material, supplies, or equipment," if payment on such contract "is to be made in whole or in part from funds appropriated by Congress." This prohibition does not apply to "the stockholders, officers, or employees" of a federal contractor. The Act also bars any person from knowingly soliciting a contribution from a federal contractor during the prohibited period. No person shall make contributions to any candidate or authorized committee with respect to any election which, in the aggregate, exceed the Act's contribution limit, which was \$2,900, during

See Heckler, 470 U.S. 831; see also Factual and Legal Analysis ("F&LA") at 11-12, MUR 7778 (Lake for Congress, et al.) (Heckler dismissal for inadequately describing the purpose of certain disbursements given the low dollar amounts that fall below the itemization threshold); F&LA at 1-2, MUR 7278 (McClintock for Congress) (Heckler dismissal for incorrectly describing the purpose of certain disbursements given the technical nature of the alleged violations).

⁵⁶ 52 U.S.C. § 30119(a)(1); 11 C.F.R. § 115.2(a).

⁵⁷ 11 C.F.R. § 115.6.

⁵⁸ 52 U.S.C. § 30119(a)(2); 11 C.F.R. § 115.2(c).

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- 1 the 2022 election cycle.⁵⁹ Further, the Act provides that no political committee shall knowingly
- 2 accept any contribution that exceeds this limit. 60
- The Complaint in MUR 8098 alleges that Mills's contributions to Laura Loomer for
- 4 Congress, Inc., totaling \$3,650, were prohibited federal contractor contributions because Mills
- 5 owns Pacem Solution International, Inc., a federal contractor and that the contributions were
- 6 excessive. 61 The Mills Respondents state that Commission regulations would not prohibit Mills,
- 7 an officer of a Federal contractor, from making contributions from personal assets.⁶² There is no
- 8 information that Mills himself is a federal contractor or that he used Pacem funds to make these
- 9 contributions. In addition, the available information does not indicate that Laura Loomer for
- 10 Congress knowingly solicited contributions from a federal contractor. Mills's contributions to
- the primary election totaled \$2,900 and thus were not excessive. Mills also made a \$750
- 12 contribution designated for the general election, which the Loomer Committee refunded to Mills
- 13 after Loomer lost the election. Therefore, the Commission dismisses the allegation that Mills
- 14 violated 52 U.S.C. §§ 30116(a) and 30119(a)(1) and 11 C.F.R. § 115.2(a) and that Laura Loomer
- for Congress, Inc., and Laura Loomer in her official capacity as treasurer violated 52 U.S.C.
- 16 §§ 30119(a)(2), 30116(f) and 11 C.F.R. §§ 110.9 and 115.2(c).
 - D. The Commission Dismisses the Allegation that the Committee and The Mills Victory Fund Knowingly Accepted Excessive Contributions
- No candidate or authorized committee may knowingly accept contributions with respect
- to any election which, in the aggregate, exceed the Act's contribution limit, which was \$3,300

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⁵⁹ 52 U.S.C. § 30116(a)(1)(A).

⁶⁰ 52 U.S.C. § 30116(f); 11 C.F.R. § 110.9.

⁶¹ MUR 8098 Compl. 4.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to MUR 8098 Compl. at 3. *See https://www.fec.gov/data/receipts/individual-contributions/?committee id=C00714543&contributor name=cory+mil (last visited June 8, 2024).*

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during the 2024 election cycle. 63 A contributor may make a contribution to the joint fundraising

2 committee that "represents the total amount that the contributor could contribute to all of the

3 participants."64 A contribution to a joint fundraising committee is allocated between all of the

4 joint fundraising participants. 65

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5 The MUR 8111 Complaint alleges that the Mills's Committee 2023 April and July

6 Quarterly Reports disclose that a number of contributors made contributions on the same date

and in the same amount to both the Fund and the Committee and appears to allege that those

contributors made, and the Fund and/or Committee knowingly accepted, excessive

contributions. 66 The Mills Respondents and the Fund assert that the joint fundraising transfers

are accurate and were properly reported.⁶⁷

Large contributions to a joint fundraising committee are allocated between all joint

fundraising participants and thus the per committee limits would not apply to the Fund. 68

Further, a review of the Mills Committee 2023 April and July Quarterly reports for contributors

who gave to both the Fund and the Mills Committee do not reflect any contributions that appear

to be excessive. Several contributors made more than one contribution, but some were

designated for the 2024 primary and others for the 2024 general election, and none exceeded the

\$3,300 per-election limit. Accordingly, the Commission dismisses the allegations that the

⁶³ 52 U.S.C. § 30116(f); 11 C.F.R. § 110.9.

^{64 11} C.F.R. § 102.17(c)(5).

⁶⁵ *Id*.

⁶⁶ Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. ¶¶ 7-10.

Resp. of Mills Respondents to Amend. MUR 8111 Compl. at 2.

^{68 11} C.F.R. § 102.17(c)(5).

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- 1 Committee and The Mills Victory Fund violated 52 U.S.C. § 30116(f) and 11 C.F.R. § 110.9 by
- 2 accepting excessive contributions.