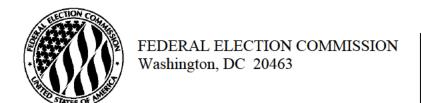
RECEIVED

By Office of the Commission Secretary at 2:34 pm, Nov 01, 2021



AGENDA DOCUMENT NO. 21-37-A AGENDA ITEM For meeting of November 10, 2021

November 1, 2021

MEMORANDUM

TO: The Commission

FROM: Lisa J. Stevenson NFS for LS
Acting General Counsel

Acting General Counsel

Neven F. Stipanovic Associate General Counsel

Robert M. Knop RMK Assistant General Counsel

Heather Filemyr

Attorney

Theodore Lutz TML

Attorney

Subject: AO 2021-12 (Rep. Adam Schiff and Schiff for Congress) Draft A

Attached is a proposed draft of the subject advisory opinion.

Members of the public may submit written comments on the draft advisory opinion. We are making this draft available for comment until 12:00pm (Eastern Time) on November 9, 2021.

Members of the public may also attend the Commission meeting at which the draft will be considered. The advisory opinion requestor may appear before the Commission at this meeting to answer questions.

For more information about how to submit comments or attend the Commission meeting, go to https://www.fec.gov/legal-resources/advisory-opinions-process/.

Attachment

1 ADVISORY OPINION 2021-12

2

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

- 3 Stephen J. Kaufman, Esq.
- 4 Kaufman Legal Group
- 5 777 S. Figueroa Street
- 6 Suite 4050
- 7 Los Angeles, CA 90017
- 8 Dear Mr. Kaufman:

9 We are responding to your advisory opinion request on behalf of Congressman

DRAFT A

10 Adam Schiff and his principal campaign committee, Schiff for Congress ("the

11 Committee"), 1 concerning the application of the Federal Election Campaign Act,

52 U.S.C. §§ 30101-45 (the "Act"), and Commission regulations to two alternative

proposals to rent the Committee's email list to a book publisher to promote a book

written by Congressman Schiff and published by Random House. The Committee

proposes either to rent its list directly to the book's publisher or to rent the list to

Congressman Schiff, who would later be reimbursed by the book publisher. The

Commission concludes that both proposals are permissible because: 1) the rental of the

Committee's email list for fair market value is not a personal use of a committee asset,

and 2) the payment to rent the list is not a contribution where the Committee would

receive the fair market value of the list rental, as determined by an independent list

broker, in a *bona fide* arm's length transaction to promote the book.

Background

The facts presented in this advisory opinion are based on your letter dated

October 6, 2021 and disclosure reports filed with the Commission.

See https://www.fec.gov/data/committee/C00343871/ (last visited Oct. 19, 2021).

1 Congressman Schiff is a member of the U.S. House of Representatives and a 2 candidate for re-election in 2022; Schiff for Congress is his principal campaign 3 committee. Advisory Opinion Request ("AOR") at AOR001. On October 12, 2021, 4 Random House, a division of Penguin House Publishing, LLC, published a non-fiction 5 book written by Congressman Schiff. Id. Random House is a "long established and 6 prominent publisher that publishes a wide variety of books and other print and digital 7 publications, both political and non-political." Id. According to the publisher's website, 8 it publishes more than 15,000 print titles annually. *Id*. 9 Congressman Schiff and Random House entered into an agreement (the 10 "publishing agreement") that established the terms for the publication of the book written 11 by Congressman Schiff. AOR002. The House of Representatives Committee on Ethics 12 approved the publishing agreement and determined that Random House is an established 13 publisher and that Congressman Schiff would be paid under the publishing agreement "in 14 accordance with usual and customary contractual terms for the industry." Id. Random 15 House "will incur all costs associated with publication and promotion of the book" and 16 determine "[a]ll details" of its advertising and promotion. Id. After Random House 17 recoups its publication and promotion costs, Congressman Schiff and Random House will 18 each receive 50 percent of the net profits from sale of the book. *Id.* Congressman 19 Schiff's book "will be sold at the usual and customary sale prices for the industry, 20 including standard bulk discounts, where applicable." *Id.* Random House's activities 21 under the publishing agreement "will involve only the publication, promotion and sale of 22 the book and will not include any fundraising activity or solicitations for Congressman 23 Schiff or Schiff for Congress." Id.

22

1 The Committee maintains an email list that was compiled over time by the 2 Committee for its own use, and the list has been primarily used for the Committee's own 3 purposes. AOR002. Random House would like to rent the Committee's email list for 4 use by Random House and Congressman Schiff, "solely to promote the book." AOR002, 5 5. "The Publisher and Congressman Schiff agree that the cost of promoting the book to 6 the Committee's e-mail list would be an advertising, publicity, and promotional cost" 7 under the publishing agreement. AOR002. 8 Requestors propose to structure the list rental in one of two ways. AOR002-3. 9 Under the first alternative, Random House would pay the Committee directly for the fair 10 market value of the list rental. *Id.* Under the second alternative, Congressman Schiff 11 would enter into an agreement with the Committee to pay fair market value for the list 12 rental using his personal funds, and Random House would reimburse him for that 13 payment. AOR003. Under both proposals, the Committee would be paid for the fair 14 market for the rental "determined by an independent list broker" and no Committee 15 resources or personnel would be used to promote the book. AOR002-3. Random House 16 "will not enter into a list rental agreement with the Committee, make a payment to the 17 Committee, or in the alternative, make a payment to Congressman Schiff, until the 18 Commission has provided its guidance" to requestors. AOR003. 19 **Questions Presented** 20 1. *Under the conditions proposed, may the Committee enter into an* 21 agreement to rent its email list to Random House for fair market value to be used to

promote a book published by Random House and written by Congressman Schiff?

1	2. In the alternative, may Congressman Schiff be reimbursed by Random
2	House if he pays for the list rental using his personal funds?
3	Legal Analysis
4	1. Under the conditions proposed, may the Committee enter into an
5	agreement to rent its email list to Random House for fair market value to be used to
6	promote a book published by Random House and written by Congressman Schiff?
7	2. In the alternative, may Congressman Schiff be reimbursed by Random
8	House if he pays for the list rental using his personal funds?
9	Yes, requestors may engage in either of the proposed list rental arrangements.
10	The proposal to rent the list to Random House, either directly or indirectly, is permissible
11	under the conditions proposed because: 1) the rental of the Committee's email list for its
12	fair market value is not a personal use of a committee asset, and 2) the payment to rent
13	the list is not a contribution where the Committee would receive the fair market value of
14	the list rental, as determined by an independent list broker, in a bona fide arm's length
15	transaction to promote the book.
16 17	A. The Committee's rental of the list to Random House for its fair market value would not result in personal use of a committee asset.
18	The Act provides that a "contribution accepted by a candidate, and any other
19	donation received by an individual as support for activities of the individual as a holder
20	of Federal office shall not be converted by any person to personal use." 52 U.S.C.
21	§ 30114(a-b); see also 11 C.F.R. § 113.2(e). Personal use occurs if a "contribution or
22	amount is used to fulfill any commitment, obligation, or expense of a person that would
23	exist irrespective of the candidate's election campaign or individual's duties as a holder

- of Federal office, including," but not limited to, any of the enumerated *per se* personal
- 2 uses. 52 U.S.C. § 30114(b)(2); see also 11 C.F.R. § 113.1(g)(1).
- 3 Commission regulations provide that the "transfer of a campaign committee asset
- 4 is not personal use so long as the transfer is for fair market value." 11 C.F.R.
- 5 § 113.1(g)(3). "The Commission has long recognized that a political committee's
- 6 mailing lists are assets that have value and that are frequently sold, rented, or exchanged
- 7 in a market." Advisory Opinion 2014-06 (Ryan et al.) ("Ryan") at 8 (citing prior
- 8 advisory opinions); Advisory Opinion 2011-02 (Scott Brown for U.S. Senate Committee)
- 9 ("Brown") at 7 (same). In previous advisory opinions, the Commission has determined
- that, where candidates received royalty payments for their book sales, no personal use
- results if a candidate uses personal funds to pay his authorized committee to rent the
- 12 committee's mailing list for the list's fair market value as determined by an independent
- 13 list broker. Advisory Opinion 2014-06 (Ryan) at 8; Advisory Opinion 2011-02 (Brown)
- 14 at 8. The Commission has not previously considered a proposal for a committee to rent
- its list directly to the publisher of a book written by a candidate, rather than renting the
- list to the candidate.
- Here, Random House would pay the fair market value, as determined by an
- independent list broker, to rent the Committee's email list either by making a direct
- 19 payment to the Committee or by reimbursing Congressman Schiff for his payment of fair
- 20 market value to the Committee to rent the list. AOR002-3. Further, no Committee
- 21 resources or personnel would be used to promote the book, and any royalties paid to
- 22 Congressman Schiff would reflect net profits under the publishing agreement after
- Random House recoups its costs in promoting the book. *Id.* Thus, because Random

3

4

5

- 1 House would pay fair market value to rent the list, the transfer would not result in a
- 2 prohibited personal use of a committee asset under 11 C.F.R. § 113.1(g)(3).^{2, 3}
 - B. The Committee's rental of its email list to Random House would not result in the receipt of a corporate contribution by the Committee or Congressman Schiff.
- Random House's payment to rent the Committee's email list, either directly or
- 7 indirectly, would not result in the receipt of a corporate contribution by the Committee or
- 8 Congressman Schiff because the Committee would receive payment for the fair market
- 9 value of the list rental, as determined by an independent list broker, in a bona fide arm's
- length transaction to promote the book.
- The Act and Commission regulations define "contribution" to include "any gift,
- subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value made by any
- person for the purpose of influencing any election for Federal office." 52 U.S.C.
- § 30101(8)(A)(i); see also 11 C.F.R. § 100.52. For corporations, the term "contribution'
- 15 ... also includes any direct or indirect payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or

As the Commission has explained, "[i]t makes no difference whether the [person paying fair market value for a committee asset] is the candidate or an unrelated third party." *See* Expenditures; Reports by Political Committees; Personal Use of Campaign Funds, 60 Fed. Reg. 7862, 7870 (Feb. 9, 1995). Regardless of who pays to rent the list, the Committee will receive the list's fair market value, ensuring that no "indirect conversion" of campaign funds occurs. *Id.* at 7869.

Section 113.1(g)(6) of Commission regulations does not apply to this transaction. That regulation provides: "Notwithstanding that the use of funds for a particular expense would be a personal use under this section, payment of that expense by any person other than the candidate or the campaign committee shall be a contribution . . . to the candidate unless the payment would have been made irrespective of the candidacy. . . ." Here, the publishing agreement between Random House and Congressman Schiff provides that Random House "will incur all costs associated with publication and promotion of the book," including the cost to rent the Committee's email list. AOR002. Thus, the cost to rent the email list is Random House's commitment, obligation, or expenses under the publishing agreement, not Congressman Schiff's, and one that Random House would pay irrespective of Schiff's candidacy. *See* Advisory Opinion 2014-06 (Ryan) at 7 ("[E]xpenses associated with marketing a book that a commercial publisher publishes and for which it pays royalties to the candidate are expenses that would exist irrespective of the candidate's election campaign or duties as a federal officeholder").

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1 gift of money, or any services, or anything of value . . . to any candidate [or] campaign

2 committee . . . in connection with" a federal election. 52 U.S.C. § 30118(b)(2); see also

11 C.F.R. § 114.1(a)(1). "[A]nything of value" includes goods or services provided at

4 less than the usual and normal charge. 11 C.F.R. § 100.111(e)(1).

The Commission has previously determined that under similar circumstances a federal political committee may lease its mailing list to a corporation without receiving a prohibited corporate contribution. In Advisory Opinion 2002-14 (Libertarian National Committee) ("LNC") at 4-5, the Commission concluded that a national party committee could lease its list to "any person, including . . . for profit corporations, . . . without a contribution resulting" provided that 1) the committee itself developed the list over a period of time primarily for its own political or campaign purposes (rather than for sale or lease to others); 2) the leasing of the list constituted only a small percentage of the committee's use of the list; 3) the list had an ascertainable fair market value; and 4) the list was "leased at the usual and normal charge in a bona fide, arm's length transaction" (which could include using a commercial list broker) and would "be used in a commercially reasonable manner consistent with such an arm's length agreement." See also Advisory Opinion 2003-19 (DCCC) at 2-3 (summarizing LNC advisory opinion and applying its analysis to sale of office equipment and furniture by national party committee). Subsequently, in Advisory Opinion 2014-06 (Rvan) at 8-9 and n.3, the Commission concluded that, under facts analogous to those in Advisory Opinion 2002-14 (LNC), a candidate would neither make a contribution to nor receive a contribution from

The Commission has explained that list rental payments received by a political committee are reported as "[o]ther [r]eceipts." *See, e.g.*, Advisory Opinion 2002-14 (LNC) at 5.

1 his leadership PAC when renting the leadership PAC's mailing list in order to promote

2 his book.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

Neither of the list rental arrangements proposed by requestors would result in the receipt of a corporate contribution by the Committee or Congressman Schiff. As in Advisory Opinion 2002-14 (LNC), the Committee's email list was compiled over time for the Committee's own use, and the rental for purposes of promoting a single book would be a small percentage of the list's overall use given the list's continued use by the Committee for campaign purposes. AOR002. The Committee would be paid for the fair market value of the list, as determined by an independent list broker, pursuant to a bona fide arm's length transaction, and Random House and Congressman Schiff would use the list rental "solely to promote the book," a commercial purpose. AOR002-3, 5. Accordingly, as in Advisory Opinion 2002-14 (LNC), Random House's proposed payment (either directly to the Committee or to reimburse Congressman Schiff for his payment to the Committee to rent the Committee's email list) would not result in the receipt of a corporate contribution by the Committee or Congressman Schiff. The Commission's analysis of whether the proposed transaction constitutes a personal use of a committee asset or a corporate contribution is the same regardless of whether Random House pays for the list directly or indirectly. However, if Congressman Schiff pays to rent the Committee's email list using personal funds and is reimbursed by Random House, the Committee may wish to consult with its assigned analyst in the Commission's Reports Analysis Division regarding any reporting implications.

Conclusion

1

2	The Commission concludes that the Committee's proposal to rent its email list to
3	Random House, either directly or indirectly, is permissible because: 1) the rental of the
4	Committee's email list for fair market value is not a personal use of a committee asset,
5	and 2) the payment to rent the list is not a contribution where the Committee would
6	receive the fair market value of the list rental, as determined by an independent list
7	broker, in a bona fide arm's length transaction to promote the book.
8	This response constitutes an advisory opinion concerning the application of the
9	Act and Commission regulations to the specific transaction or activity set forth in your
10	request. See 52 U.S.C. § 30108. The Commission emphasizes that, if there is a change
11	in any of the facts or assumptions presented, and such facts or assumptions are material to
12	a conclusion presented in this advisory opinion, then the requestors may not rely on that
13	conclusion as support for its proposed activity. Any person involved in any specific
14	transaction or activity that is indistinguishable in all its material aspects from the
15	transaction or activity with respect to which this advisory opinion is rendered may rely on
16	this advisory opinion. See id. § 30108(c)(1)(B). Please note that the analysis or
17	conclusions in this advisory opinion may be affected by subsequent developments in the
18	law including, but not limited to, statutes, regulations, advisory opinions, and case law.
19	Any advisory opinions cited herein are available on the Commission's website.
20	On behalf of the Commission,
21 22	Shana M. Broussard Chair